SOLIDARIDAD NETWORK SOUTHERN AFRICA NGO

MOZAMBIQUE OFFICE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS
FOR THE YEAR ENDED
31 DECEMBER 2018



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2018

General Information

Country of incorporation and domicile

Mozambique

Nature of business and principal activities

The Organisation is engaged in promoting production with respect for people and planet, and reliable trade relations that give producers a fair deal in developing countries within the Southern African region.

Directors

The following directors held office for the year under review:-

Name

Mandlenkosi Nkomo - Regional Director

Paulo Sousa - Country Manager

Company secretary

W Matthews

Legal form

Non Governmental Organisation

Registered office and business address

1st Floor, Okapi Plaza

Cnr 25 September and Albert Lithuli

Maputo

Website address

solidaridadnetwork.org

Principal Bankers

Stanbic Bank

Preparer

The annual financial statements were internally prepared by W Matthews.

Level of assurance

These annual financial statements have been audited independently on the request of the Solidaridad Network.

INDEX TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

Contents	Page
Directors' responsibilities and approval	1
Independent auditor's report	2 - 4
Report of the directors	5
Statement of financial position	6
Statement of comprehensive income	7
Statement of changes in reserves	8
Statement of cash flows	9
Notes to the annual financial statements	10 - 16

DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors are required, by the Solidaridad Network, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the organisation as at the end of the financial period and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial controls established by the organisation and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the board of directors sets out standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost - effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the organisation and employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the organisation's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the organisation is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the organisation. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the organisation endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal controls provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the presentation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the organisation's cash flow forecast for the year to 31st December 2019 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the organisation has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Although the board of directors is primarily responsible for the financial affairs of the organisation, it is supported by the organisation's external auditors.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the organisation's financial statements. The financial statements have been examined by the organisation's external auditors and their report is presented on pages 2 to 4.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 5 to 16, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the board of directors on the 18th April 2019 and signed on its behalf by:



P O BOX 32707 Braamfontein 2017 South Africa

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TEL (011) 403 3835 FAX (011) 339 7762

TO THE DIRECTORS

SOLIDARIDAD NETWORK SOUTHERN AFRICA NGO MOZAMBIQUE OFFICE

Unqualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Solidaridad Network Southern Africa NGO - Mozambique, Office, set out on pages 6 to 16, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2018, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in reserves and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the financial position of The Solidaridad Network Southern Africa NGO - Mozambique Office, as at 31 December 2018, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with its accounting policies and International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium - sized Entities.

Basis for Unqualified Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical requirements in accordance with these requirements and the IRBA Code. The IRBA Code is consistent with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Part A and B). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Report of the Directors set out on page 5.

The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Emphasis of matter

The financial statements have been prepared to assist the Solidaridad Network SA Trust to comply with the financial reporting provisions of the Solidaridad Network - Netherlands and ensure that the regional office for Mozambique is consolidated into the Network accounts. As a result, the financial statements may not be suitable for another purpose.

Our report is intended solely for the Solidaridad Network SA Trust and Head office of the Solidaridad Network based in Netherlands and should not be distributed to or used by parties other than the two above mentioned entities. Our opinion is not modified in respect of this matter.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with their accounting policies and International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium - sized Entities, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organisation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organisation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organisation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organisation's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organisation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organisation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation

 obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the business activities within the organisation to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the direction, supervision and performance of the organisation audit. We remain solely responsible for our audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We have communicated with those charged with governance on all relationships and other matters, which may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

DC Douglas

Douglas & Velcich

dud Well

Chartered Accountants (S.A.)

Registered Accountants and Auditors

Johannesburg 10 May 2019

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

The directors present their report, together with the annual financial statements of the organisation for the financial year ended 31 December 2018.

GENERAL

The Organisation was operating as a regional office which was consolidated into the accounting records of the Solidaridad Network SA Trust registered in South Africa.

At the beginning of 2018, it was decided by the Network to reflect the Organisation separately from the South African Trust.

The operating results and state of affairs of the Organisation are fully set out in the attached annual financial statements.

EQUIPMENT

During the year under review, the Organisation purchased equipment with a total cost of MZN140,536 (2017:MZN203,256) and equipment with a net book value of MZN181,224 was transferred from the South African network office.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material facts or circumstances which have occurred in the Organisation's operations between the financial position date and the date of this report.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Organisation are

Mandlenkosi Nkomo

- Regional Director

Paulo Sousa

- Country manager

AUDITORS

Douglas & Velcich were appointed as auditors for the year under review.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 MZN	2017 MZN
ASSETS		3 588 536	2 178 022
Non current assets		348 485	172 987
Equipment	2	348 485	172 987
Current assets		3 240 050	2 005 035
Accounts receivable Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from Solidaridad entity	3 4 5	7 843 2 365 962 866 246	15 021 1 990 015 -
Total assets		3 588 536	2 178 022
RESERVES AND LIABILITIES		3 588 536	2 178 022
Reserves		1 764 520	2 077 074
General fund Equipment fund Motor vehicle replacement fund		(470 762) 348 485 1 886 796	2 191 516 172 987 (287 430)
Current liabilities		1 824 016	100 949
Accounts payable Deferred income	6 7	1 824 016	54 027 46 922
Total reserves and liabilities		3 588 536	2 178 022

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 MZN	2017 M ZN
INCOME		19 781 618	20 307 866
Transfers from Solidaridad South Africa Expenses paid by Solidaridad South Africa Grant received	8	15 753 256 - 4 028 362	8 896 908 7 622 121 3 788 837
EXPENDITURE		22 303 359	18 532 136
Assets expensed directly Bank charges Cleaning Communication costs Consulting fees Foreign exchange loss Insurance IT support Legal fees Office expenses Printing, postage and stationery Programme costs Rent, water and electricity Salaries and contributions Staff recruitment, training and development Staff team building and annual retreat Travel and accommodation		19 702 23 309 27 000 113 230 - 183 225 183 953 15 000 2 000 66 298 67 533 9 884 393 525 178 10 919 671 84 756 41 680 146 431	32 089 41 754 - 95 752 1 560 049 - 3 139 107 643 38 310 127 769 5 448 316 614 167 10 221 100 30 269 81 373 130 406
(DEFICIT)/SURPLUS FOR THE YEAR	-	(2 521 742)	1 775 730
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		(140 536)	(95 526)
Transfer to the equipment fund - fund assets		(140 536)	(95 526)
COMPREHENSIVE (LOSS)/INCOME	=	(2 662 277)	1 680 204

SOLIDARIDAD NETWORK SOUTHERN AFRICA NGO MOZAMBIQUE OFFICE

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	General fund MZN	Programme funds MZN	Equipment fund MZN	Motor Vehicle Replacement fund MZN	Total MZN
Balance at 31 December 2016	511 312	(ii	107 730	•	619 042
Comprehensive income	1 680 204	¥	95 526	,	1 775 730
Surplus for the year Transfer to equipment fund - funded assets	1 775 730 (95 526)	e 00	95 526	3 (1775730
Depreciation for the year	ā•1	\$ 1 02	(30 268)		(30 268)
Expenditure directly to the fund	¢	(*)	•	(287 430)	(287 430)
Balance at 31 December 2017	2 191 516	ì	172 987	(287 430)	2 077 074
Motor vehicle replacement fund transferred from Solidaridad South Africa	ji.	Ġ.	ĕ	2 345 731	2 345 731
Assets at Net Book Value from Solidaridad South Africa	×	i)	353 725	ĸ	353 725
Comprehensive (loss)	(2 662 277)	·	140 536	Ē	(2 521 742)
Surplus for the year Transfer to equipment fund - funded assets	(2 521 742) (140 536)	i i	140 536	ť i	(2 521 742)
Depreciation for the year	ř	ä	(318 764)	ä	(318 764)
Expenditure directly to the fund	i	ä	à	(171 505)	(171 505)
Balance at 31 December 2018	(470 762)		348 485	1 886 796	1 764 520

STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

	Note	2018 MZN	2017 MZN
Cash received from Solidaridad - South Africa		18 098 987	8 896 908
Cash received from Grantors		3 981 440	3 835 759
Cash expended on programmes, suppliers and employees	3 	(20 697 698)	(11 163 924)
Cash generated from operations	10	1 382 729	1 568 743
Interest received		泉	
Interest paid	; 	<u> </u>	
Net cash inflow from operating activities		1 382 729	1 568 743
Cash flows (utilised in) investing activities		(140 536)	(95 526)
Acquisition of equipment	2	(140 536)	(95 526)
Cash flows (utilised in) financing activities		(866 246)	-
Net increase in amounts from Solidaridad entities		(866 246)	-
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	_	375 947	1 473 218
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		1 990 015	516 797
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	4 =	2 365 962	1 990 015

NOTES TO ANNUAL THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized entities (IFRS for SMEs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. They are presented in Mozambican Meticais. The measurement basis used is the historical costs basis, except where otherwise stated in the accounting policies below.

1.1 Accounting convention

The entity is registered as a Non-Governmental Organisation (NGO) with the Republic of Mozambique.

1.2 Equipment

The cost of an item of tangible assets is recognised as an asset when:

- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the organisation; and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of tangible assets and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of tangible assets, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Tangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible assets other than freehold land, to write down the cost, less residual value, by equal instalments over their useful lives as follows:

Item	Useful life
Computer equipment	3 years
Motor vehicle	5 years
Office furniture	6 years

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised through the equipment fund, unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset. The gain or loss arising from the derecognising of an item of equipment is included in the equipment fund when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognising of an item of equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

It is the policy of the organisation to write off all asset purchases against the operating fund in the year that the assets are acquired as most income is from funders who request that the assets be expensed in the year of purchase.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (Continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.2 Equipment (Continued)

This is a deviation from IAS 16, which requires that all asset purchases are capitalised and depreciated. This deviation has been resolved by raising an equipment fund as discussed below. (refer to note **1.5**)

1.3 Financial instruments

Measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these instruments are measured as set out below:

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivables and accrued income are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value.

Accounts payable

Accounts payable which are short - term obligations, are stated at their nominal value.

1.4 Impairment

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at financial position date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If there is such indication, the assets are written down to the estimated recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price and the value in use.

1.5 Equipment fund

In order that operating reserves reflect assets available to the operations of the organisation, an equipment fund is maintained to separate out the funding of such assets.

The mechanism whereby this fund is maintained at a value equal to the carrying value of such assets in the statement of financial position is that an amount equal to the cost of equipment acquired be charged against operating income each year and credited to the equipment fund.

Depreciation, and profits or losses on disposal are adjusted annually against the fund.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (Continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.6 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the organisation has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

1.7 Income recognition

Income from grants is generally brought to account in the period to which it relates.

All other income is brought to account as and when received.

1.8 Interest income

Interest is brought to account as and when received.

1.9 Expenditure recognition

Expenditure is accounted for on the accrual basis.

1.10 Project accounting and expense allocation

In terms of its contractual obligations to donors, the organisation's policy is to allocate project expenses that are clearly identifiable as such, directly against project funds. Indirect and shared costs are apportioned on the basis of management estimates.

Accrued and deferred grant income is based on the balance of each project or donor fund after taking into account the direct, indirect and shared costs as described above. The unexpended surplus of the project fund is deferred to the following year or the deficit is accrued in the year under review.

1.11 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employee renders service that increases their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs.

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past performance.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (Continued)

2 FOUIPMENT

Total MZN	172 987 203 256 (30 268) 353 725 1 437 099 (1 083 373) 140 536 (318 764) 348 485 (1 432 405)	203 256 (30 268) 172 987 203 256 (30 268)
Office furniture MZN	203 256 (30 268) (30 268) - - (33 883) 139 104 203 256 (64 151)	203 256 (30 268) 172 987 203 256 (30 268)
Motor vehicle MZN	- 172 501 1 150 000 (977 499) - (172 500) 1 1 150 000 (1 149 999)	
Computer equipment MZN	- 181 224 287 099 (105 874) 140 536 (112 380) 209 380 427 635 (218 255)	
2. EQUIPMENT 31 December 2018	Net book value at 1/1/2018 Cost Accumulated depreciation Transferred from South Africa Cost Accumulated depreciation Additions for the year Depreciation for the year Net book value at 31/12/2018 Cost Accumulated depreciation	31 December 2017 Net book value at 1/1/2017 Cost Accumulated depreciation Additions for the year Depreciation for the year Net book value at 31/12/2017 Cost Accumulated depreciation

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (Continued)

ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE	2018 MZN	2017 MZN
AGGGINIO REGENADEL		
Travel advances	7 843	15 021
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Standard Bank - Mozambique (MTN) Standard Bank - Mozambique (US Dollars) Standard Bank - Mozambique Project bank account Petty cash - local	1 712 783 30 170 620 257 2 752 2 365 962	432 937 121 933 1 435 145
AMOUNT DUE FROM SOLIDARIDAD ENTITY		
Solidaridad Netherlands	866 246	
This is a refund due from the Network Head office due to a Solidaridad conference that was held in Mozambique for the entire Network.		
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
Accruals Payroll liabilities Travel advances Transfers received in advance - Solidaridad South Africa	7 815 134 389 23 935 1 657 877 1 824 016	54 027
DEFERRED INCOME		
ETG Logistics	1	46 922
GRANTS RECEIVED		
FTG Logistics	4 በ28 362	3 788 837
-		
Deferred to 2018	46 922	3 835 759 (46 922)
	4 028 362	3 788 837
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Standard Bank - Mozambique (MTN) Standard Bank - Mozambique (US Dollars) Standard Bank - Mozambique Project bank account Petty cash - local AMOUNT DUE FROM SOLIDARIDAD ENTITY Solidaridad Netherlands This is a refund due from the Network Head office due to a Solidaridad conference that was held in Mozambique for the entire Network. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE Accruals Payroll liabilities Travel advances Transfers received in advance - Solidaridad South Africa DEFERRED INCOME ETG Logistics GRANTS RECEIVED ETG Logistics Received	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE Travel advances 7 843 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Standard Bank - Mozambique (MTN) Standard Bank - Mozambique (US Dollars) Standard Bank - Mozambique (Project bank account 620 257 Petty cash - local 2 752 2 365 962 AMOUNT DUE FROM SOLIDARIDAD ENTITY Solidaridad Netherlands 866 246 This is a refund due from the Network Head office due to a Solidaridad conference that was held in Mozambique for the entire Network. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE Accruals 7 815 Payroll liabilities 134 339 Travel advances Transfers received in advance - Solidaridad South Africa 1857 877 1824 016 DEFERRED INCOME ETG Logistics - GRANTS RECEIVED ETG Logistics 4 028 362 Received Deferred to 2018

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (Continued)

9. TAXATION

No provision has been made for taxation as there is correspondence from the Mozambique Government declaring that the NGO is registered in the Republic of Mozambique as the Solidaridad Network Southern Africa NGO with its origins in South Africa.

The entity has been constantly reapplying for status in Mozambique, as certification is only valid for 3 months at a time. On the 22nd February the entity approached KPMG in Mozambique to complete the process of official registration of the entity and ensure full tax compliance.

		2018 MZN	2017 MZN
10.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		
	(Deficit)/surplus for the year	(2 521 742)	1 775 730
	Adjusted for : (Decrease)/increase in deferred income Motor vehicle replacement fund transferred from South Africa Expenditure directly incurred in motor vehicle replacement fund	(46 922) 2 345 731 (171 505)	46 922 - (287 430)
	Operating surplus before working capital changes	(394 438)	1 535 222
	Working capital changes	1 777 167	33 521
	Decrease/(increase) in accounts receivable Increase in accounts payable	7 178 1 769 989	(15 021) 48 542
		1 382 729	1 568 743
11.	RELATED PARTIES		
	Transfers from other regional offices		
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa	15 753 256	8 896 908
	Expenses paid on behalf from other regional offices	l !	
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa	○ =)	7 622 121
	Amount due from Solidaridad entity	<u>!</u>	
	Solidaridad Network - Netherlands	866 246	(#)
	Transfers received in advance	ė.	
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa (refer to note 6 on page 14)	1 657 877	-

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2018 (Continued)

12. GOING CONCERN

The existence of the organisation is dependent on the continued support of Solidaridad Network, by way of transfers. Should the transfers be withdrawn it is highly unlikely that the organisation will be able to continue as a going concern. The Solidaridad Network has agreed to continue supporting the organisation in 2019.

13. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

The comparative figures have been extracted from the annual financial statements of the Solidaridad Network SA Trust registered in South Africa, so the users of the financial statements have a clear understanding of the operatonal levels of the Mozambique regional office.