SOLIDARIDAD SOUTHERN AFRICA NGO

MOZAMBIQUE OFFICE

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019



Annual Financial Statements for the year ended 31 December 2019

General Information

Country of

incorporation and

domicile

Mozambique

Nature of business and principal activities

The Organisation is engaged in promoting production with respect for people and planet, and reliable trade relations that give producers a fair deal in developing countries within the Southern African region.

Directors

The following directors held office for the year under review:-

Name

Mandlenkosi Nkomo - Regional Director

Francisco Nhanele - Country Manager Paulo Sousa - Country Manager - appointed 30 June 2019

- resigned 30 June 2019

Company secretary

W Matthews

Legal form

Non Governmental Organisation

Registered office and business address

1st Floor, Okapi Plaza

Cnr 25 September and Albert Lithuli

Maputo

Website address

solidaridadnetwork.org

Principal Bankers

Stanbic Bank

Preparer

The annual financial statements were internally prepared by W Matthews.

Level of assurance

These annual financial statements have been audited independently on the

request of the Solidaridad Network.

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DIRECTORS' RESPONSIBILITIES AND APPROVAL

ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors are required, by the Solidaridad Network, to maintain adequate accounting records and are responsible for the content and integrity of the financial statements and related financial information included in this report. It is their responsibility to ensure that the financial statements fairly present the state of affairs of the organisation as at the end of the financial period and the results of its operations and cash flows for the period then ended, in conformity with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities. The external auditors are engaged to express an independent opinion on the financial statements.

The financial statements are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium-sized Entities and are based upon appropriate accounting policies consistently applied and supported by reasonable and prudent judgements and estimates.

The directors acknowledge that they are ultimately responsible for the system of internal financial controls established by the organisation and place considerable importance on maintaining a strong control environment. To enable the directors to meet these responsibilities, the board of directors sets out standards for internal control aimed at reducing the risk of error or loss in a cost - effective manner. The standards include the proper delegation of responsibilities within a clearly defined framework, effective accounting procedures and adequate segregation of duties to ensure an acceptable level of risk. These controls are monitored throughout the organisation and employees are required to maintain the highest ethical standards in ensuring the organisation's business is conducted in a manner that in all reasonable circumstances is above reproach. The focus of risk management in the organisation is on identifying, assessing, managing and monitoring all known forms of risk across the organisation. While operating risk cannot be fully eliminated, the organisation endeavours to minimise it by ensuring that appropriate infrastructure, controls, systems and ethical behaviour are applied and managed within predetermined procedures and constraints.

The directors are of the opinion, based on the information and explanations given by management, that the system of internal controls provides reasonable assurance that the financial records may be relied on for the presentation of the financial statements. However, any system of internal financial control can provide only reasonable, and not absolute, assurance against material misstatement or loss.

The directors have reviewed the organisation's cash flow forecast for the year to 31st December 2020 and, in the light of this review and the current financial position, they are satisfied that the organisation has access to adequate resources to continue in operational existence for the foreseeable future.

Although the board of directors is primarily responsible for the financial affairs of the organisation, it is supported by the organisation's external auditors.

The external auditors are responsible for independently auditing and reporting on the organisation's financial statements. The financial statements have been examined by the organisation's external auditors and their report is presented on pages 2 to 4.

The annual financial statements set out on pages 5 to 16, which have been prepared on the going concern basis, were approved by the board of directors on the 11th June 2020 and signed on its behalf by:

Hank-



P O BOX 32707 BRAAMFONTEIN 2017 SOUTH AFRICA

TEL (011) 403 3835 FAX (011) 339 7762

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

TO THE DIRECTORS

SOLIDARIDAD SOUTHERN AFRICA NGO MOZAMBIQUE OFFICE

Unqualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of The Solidaridad Network Southern Africa NGO - Mozambique, Office, set out on pages 6 to 16, which comprise the statement of financial position as at 31 December 2019, and the statement of comprehensive income, statement of changes in reserves and statement of cash flows for the financial year then ended, and the notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the financial statements fairly present, in all material respects, the financial position of The Solidaridad Network Southern Africa NGO - Mozambique Office, as at 31 December 2019, and of its financial performance and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with its accounting policies and International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium - sized Entities.

Basis for Unqualified Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Association in accordance with the Independent Regulatory Board for Auditors Code of Professional Conduct for Registered Auditors (IRBA Code), together with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of financial statements in South Africa. We have fulfilled our other ethical requirements in accordance with these requirements and the IRBA Code. The IRBA Code is consistent with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants (Part A and B). We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Information

The Board of Directors is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the Report of the Directors set out on page 5.

The other information does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit, or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard. $\mathbb{Q} \in \mathbb{R} \setminus \mathbb{C} \setminus$

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged With Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with their accounting policies and International Financial Reporting Standards for Small and Medium - sized Entities, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error. In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Organisation's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Organisation or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so. Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Organisation's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional scepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control
- obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organisation's internal control
- evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management
- conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Organisation's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Organisation to cease to continue as a going concern.
- evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation
- obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence regarding the financial information of the business activities
 within the organisation to express an opinion on the financial statements. We are responsible for the
 direction, supervision and performance of the organisation audit. We remain solely responsible for our
 audit opinion.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit. We have communicated with those charged with governance on all relationships and other matters, which may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence and, where applicable, related safeguards.

DC Douglas RA Douglas & Velcich

Chartered Accountants (S.A.)

Johannesburg 22 June 2020

REPORT OF THE DIRECTORS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

The directors present their report, together with the annual financial statements of the organisation for the financial year ended 31 December 2019.

GENERAL

The Organisation was operating as a regional office which was consolidated into the accounting records of the Solidaridad Network SA Trust registered in South Africa.

At the beginning of 2018, it was decided by the Network to reflect the Organisation separately from the South African Trust.

The operating results and state of affairs of the Organisation are fully set out in the attached annual financial statements.

EQUIPMENT

During the year under review, the Organisation purchased equipment with a total cost of MZN1,874,495 (2018:MZN140,536) and equipment with a net book value of MZN153,385 (2018:MZN353,725) was transferred from the South African network office.

SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

There were no material facts or circumstances which have occurred in the Organisation's operations between the financial position date and the date of this report.

DIRECTORS

The directors of the Organisation are

Mandlenkosi Nkomo

- Regional Director

Francisco Nhanele

- Country manager

- appointed 30 June 2019

Paulo Sousa

- Country manager

- resigned 30 June 2019

AUDITORS

Douglas & Velcich were retained as auditors for the year under review.

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AT 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 MZN	2018 MZN
ASSETS		3 476 617	3 588 536
Non current assets	Í	2 026 779	348 485
Equipment	2	2 026 779	348 485
Current assets		1 449 838	3 240 050
Accounts receivable Cash and cash equivalents Amount due from Solidaridad entity	3 4 5	452 627 130 965 866 246	7 843 2 365 962 866 246
Total assets		3 476 617	3 588 536
RESERVES AND LIABILITIES		3 476 617	3 588 536
Reserves		2 864 296	1 764 520
General fund Equipment fund Motor vehicle replacement fund		(228 150) 2 026 779 1 065 666	(470 762) 348 485 1 886 796
Current liabilities		612 322	1 824 016
Accounts payable Deferred income	6 7	147 765 464 557	1 824 016
Total reserves and liabilities		3 476 617	3 588 536

STATEMENT OF COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 MZN	2018 MZN
INCOME		27 929 831	19 781 618
Net Transfers from Solidaridad South Africa Expenses paid on behalf by Solidaridad South Africa Grants received - other NGOs Other income EXPENDITURE	8	25 075 924 87 228 2 729 979 36 700	15 753 256 4 028 362 - 22 303 359
Assets expensed directly Bank charges Cleaning Communication costs Consulting fees Foreign exchange loss Insurance IT support Legal fees Office expenses Printing, postage and stationery Programme costs Rent, water and electricity Salaries and contributions Staff recruitment, training and development Staff team building and annual retreat Subscriptions Travel and accommodation		39 375 27 000 169 414 87 992 198 358 234 889 10 488 356 560 21 869 198 919 13 745 819 549 868 9 841 834 70 593 7 184 995 738	19 702 23 309 27 000 113 230 - 183 225 183 953 15 000 2 000 66 298 67 533 9 884 393 525 178 10 919 671 84 756 41 680 - 146 431
OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME		(1 131 318)	(140 536)
Transfer to the equipment fund - fund assets Transfer from the equipment fund - insurance proceeds		(1 206 749) 75 432	(140 536)
COMPREHENSIVE INCOME/(LOSS)		242 612	(2 662 277)

SOLIDARIDAD SOUTHERN AFRICA NGO MOZAMBIQUE OFFICE

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN RESERVES FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019				Motor Vehicle	
	General fund MZN	Programme funds MZN	Equipment fund MZN	Replacement fund MZN	Total MZN
Balance at 31 December 2017	2 191 516	àu	172 987	(287 430)	2 077 074
Motor vehicle replacement fund transferred from Solidaridad South Africa	٠		Ê	2 345 731	2 345 731
Assets at Net Book Value from Solidaridad South Africa	r	U	353 725	9	353 725
Allocation of funds during the year	(2 662 277)		140 536		(2 521 742)
Results for the year Transfer to equipment fund - funded assets	(2 521 742) (140 536)	Е Л	140 536	1 1	(2 521 742)
Depreciation for the year	av	я	(318 764)	Ē	(318 764)
Expenditure directly to the fund	Я	1	É	(171 505)	(171 505)
Balance at 31 December 2018	(470 762)	T.	348 485	1 886 796	1 764 520
Allocation of funds during the year	167 180	3 16 5	2 027 879	(821 130)	1 373 929
Results for the year Transfer to equipment fund - funded assets	1 373 929 (1 206 749)		2 027 879	(821 130)	1 373 929
Assets damaged during the year	75 432	Ē	(7 687)	á á	67 745
Profit from disposed/stolen assets Proceeds from disposed/stolen assets	75 432	(f): ÿ	67 745 (75 432)	1 3	67 745
Depreciation for the year	:11	ā	(341 898)	4	(341 898)
Balance at 31 December 2019	(228 150)	٠	2 026 779	1 065 666	2 864 296



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

	Note	2019 MZN	2018 MZN
Cash received from Solidaridad - South Africa Cash received from Grantors Cash expended on programmes, suppliers and employees		25 163 151 3 231 236 (28 676 936)	18 098 987 3 981 440 (20 697 698)
Cash (utilised in)/generated from operations	10	(282 549)	1 382 729
Interest received Interest paid			-
Net cash (outflow)/inflow from operating activities		(282 549)	1 382 729
Cash flows (utilised in) investing activities		(1 952 448)	(140 536)
Acquisition of equipment Proceeds from insurance claims on damaged assets	2	(2 027 879) 75 432	(140 536)
Cash flows generated from/(utilised in) financing activities		æ 3;	(866 246)
Net decrease/(increase) in amounts from Solidaridad entities		-	(866 246)
Net (decrease)/increase in cash and cash equivalents		(2 234 996)	375 947
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		2 365 962	1 990 015
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	4	130 965	2 365 962

NOTES TO ANNUAL THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements have been prepared on a going concern basis and in compliance with the International Financial Reporting Standard for Small and Medium-sized entities (IFRS for SMEs) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board. They are presented in Mozambican Meticais. The measurement basis used is the historical costs basis, except where otherwise stated in the accounting policies below.

1.1 Accounting convention

The entity is registered as a Non-Governmental Organisation (NGO) with the Republic of Mozambique.

1.2 Equipment

The cost of an item of tangible assets is recognised as an asset when:

- it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the organisation; and
- the cost of the item can be measured reliably.

Costs include costs incurred initially to acquire or construct an item of tangible assets and costs incurred subsequently to add to, replace part of, or service it. If a replacement cost is recognised in the carrying amount of an item of tangible assets, the carrying amount of the replaced part is derecognised.

Tangible assets are carried at cost less accumulated depreciation and any impairment losses.

Depreciation is provided on all tangible assets other than freehold land, to write down the cost, less residual value, by equal instalments over their useful lives as follows:

Item	Useful life
Computer equipment	3 years
Motor vehicle	5 years
Office furniture	6 years

The depreciation charge for each period is recognised through the equipment fund, unless it is included in the carrying amount of another asset. The gain or loss arising from the derecognising of an item of equipment is included in the equipment fund when the item is derecognised. The gain or loss arising from the derecognising of an item of equipment is determined as the difference between the net disposal proceeds, if any, and the carrying amount of the item.

It is the policy of the organisation to write off all asset purchases against the operating fund in the year that the assets are acquired as most income is from funders who request that the assets be expensed in the year of purchase.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (Continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.2 Equipment (Continued)

This is a deviation from IAS 16, which requires that all asset purchases are capitalised and depreciated. This deviation has been resolved by raising an equipment fund as discussed below. (refer to note **1.5**)

1.3 Financial instruments

Measurement

Financial instruments are initially measured at cost, which includes transaction costs. Subsequent to initial recognition, these instruments are measured as set out below:

Accounts receivable

Accounts receivables and accrued income are stated at cost less provision for impairment losses.

Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are measured at fair value.

Accounts payable

Accounts payable which are short - term obligations, are stated at their nominal value.

1.4 Impairment

The carrying amount of assets are reviewed at financial position date to determine whether there is any indication of impairment. If there is such indication, the assets are written down to the estimated recoverable amounts. The recoverable amount is the higher of the net selling price and the value in use.

1.5 Equipment fund

In order that operating reserves reflect assets available to the operations of the organisation, an equipment fund is maintained to separate out the funding of such assets.

The mechanism whereby this fund is maintained at a value equal to the carrying value of such assets in the statement of financial position is that an amount equal to the cost of equipment acquired be charged against operating income each year and credited to the equipment fund.

Depreciation, and profits or losses on disposal are adjusted annually against the fund.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (Continued)

1. ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

1.6 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the organisation has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events, it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount of the obligation can be made.

1.7 Income recognition

Income from grants is generally brought to account in the period to which it relates.

All other income is brought to account as and when received.

1.8 Interest income

Interest is brought to account as and when received.

1.9 Expenditure recognition

Expenditure is accounted for on the accrual basis.

1.10 Project accounting and expense allocation

In terms of its contractual obligations to donors, the organisation's policy is to allocate project expenses that are clearly identifiable as such, directly against project funds. Indirect and shared costs are apportioned on the basis of management estimates.

Accrued and deferred grant income is based on the balance of each project or donor fund after taking into account the direct, indirect and shared costs as described above. The unexpended surplus of the project fund is deferred to the following year or the deficit is accrued in the year under review.

1.11 Employee benefits

Short-term employee benefits

The cost of short-term employee benefits, (those payable within 12 months after the service is rendered, such as paid vacation leave and sick leave, bonuses, and non-monetary benefits such as medical care), are recognised in the period in which the service is rendered and are not discounted.

The expected cost of compensated absences is recognised as an expense as the employee renders service that increases their entitlement or, in the case of non-accumulating absences, when the absence occurs.

The expected cost of bonus payments is recognised as an expense when there is a legal or constructive obligation to make such payments as a result of past performance.

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINA THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEM	NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMEN IS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (Continued)
ラ亡	ŽĖ

Total MZN	348 485 1 780 890 (1 432 405) 153 385 1 874 495 (7 687) (68 940) 61 254 (341 898) 2 026 779 3 739 829 (1 713 050)	172 987 203 256 (30 268) 353 725 1 437 099 (1 083 373) 140 536 (318 764) 348 485 1 780 890 (1 432 405)
Office Equipment MZN	765 015 - 765 015 - 738 922 765 015 (26 093) 765 015	
Office furniture MZN	139 104 203 256 (64 151) 205 380	172 987 203 256 (30 268) (33 883) 139 104 203 256 (64 151)
Motor vehicle MZN	1 150 000 (1 149 999) 821 130 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	172 501 1 150 000 (977 499) (172 500) 1 150 000 (1 149 999)
Computer equipment MZN	209 380 427 635 (218 255) 153 385 82 970 (7 687) (68 940) (160 332) 277 716 595 049 (317 333)	181 224 287 099 (105 874) 140 536 (112 380) 209 380 427 635 (218 255)
 EQUIPMENT 31 December 2019 	Net book value at 1/1/2019 Cost Accumulated depreciation Transferred from South Africa Additions for the year Disposals for the year Cost Accumulated depreciation Depreciation for the year Net book value at 31/12/2019 Cost Accumulated depreciation	31 December 2018 Net book value at 1/1/2018 Cost Accumulated depreciation Transferred from South Africa Cost Accumulated depreciation Additions for the year Depreciation for the year Net book value at 31/12/2018 Cost Accumulated depreciation

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (Continued)

,	2019 MZN	2018 MZN
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE		
Travel advances	452 627	7 843
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS		
Standard Bank - Mozambique (MTN) Standard Bank - Mozambique (US Dollars) Standard Bank - Mozambique Project bank account Petty cash - local	99 686 30 170 1 064 46 130 965	1 712 783 30 170 620 257 2 752 2 365 962
AMOUNT DUE FROM SOLIDARIDAD ENTITY		
Solidaridad - Netherlands Solidaridad - South Africa	866 246 866 246	866 246 866 246
This is a refund due from the South Africa/Network Head office due to a Solidaridad conference that was held in Mozambique for the entire Network.		
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE		
Accruals Payroll liabilities Travel advances Transfers received in advance - Solidaridad South Africa	122 271 - 25 493 -	7 815 134 389 23 935 1 657 877
DEFERRED INCOME	147 765	1 824 016
Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations	464 557)#
GRANTS RECEIVED - OTHER NGOs		
ETG Logistics	3)	4 028 362
Received Deferred to 2018 Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations Received Deferred to 2020	2 466 193 263 786 728 343 (464 557) 2 729 979	3 981 440 46 922 - - - - 4 028 362
	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Standard Bank - Mozambique (MTN) Standard Bank - Mozambique (US Dollars) Standard Bank - Mozambique Project bank account Petty cash - local AMOUNT DUE FROM SOLIDARIDAD ENTITY Solidaridad - Netherlands Solidaridad - South Africa This is a refund due from the South Africa/Network Head office due to a Solidaridad conference that was held in Mozambique for the entire Network. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE Accruals Payroll liabilities Travel advances Transfers received in advance - Solidaridad South Africa DEFERRED INCOME Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations GRANTS RECEIVED - OTHER NGOs ETG Logistics Received Deferred to 2018 Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations Received	ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE Travel advances 452 627 CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS Standard Bank - Mozambique (MTN) 99 686 Standard Bank - Mozambique (US Dollars) 30 170 Standard Bank - Mozambique (US Dollars) 30 170 Standard Bank - Mozambique Project bank account 1084 Petty cash - local 46 130 965 AMOUNT DUE FROM SOLIDARIDAD ENTITY Solidaridad - Netherlands Solidaridad - South Africa 866 246 This is a refund due from the South Africa/Network Head office due to a Solidaridad conference that was held in Mozambique for the entire Network. ACCOUNTS PAYABLE Accruals Payroll liabilities Travel advances Transfers received in advance - Solidaridad South Africa DEFERRED INCOME Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations Received Deferred to 2018 Food and Agriculture Organisation of the United Nations Received Deferred to 2020 Received Receive

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (Continued)

9. TAXATION

No provision has been made for taxation as there is correspondence from the Mozambique Government declaring that the NGO is registered in the Republic of Mozambique as the Solidaridad Network Southern Africa NGO with its origins in South Africa.

The entity has been constantly reapplying for status in Mozambique, as certification is only valid for 3 months at a time. On the 22nd February the entity approached KPMG in Mozambique to complete the process of official registration of the entity and ensure full tax compliance.

		2019 MZN	2018 MZN
10.	CASH (UTILISED IN)/GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS		
	Results for the year	1 373 929	(2 521 742)
	Adjusted for : Increase/(decrease) in deferred income Motor vehicle replacement fund transferred from South Africa Expenditure directly incurred in motor vehicle replacement fund	464 557 - -	(46 922) 2 345 731 (171 505)
	Results before working capital changes	1 838 486	(394 438)
	Working capital changes	(2 121 035)	1 777 167
	(Increase)/decrease in accounts receivable (Decrease)/increase in accounts payable	(444 784) (1 676 251)	7 178 1 769 989
		(282 549)	1 382 729
11.	RELATED PARTIES		
	Transfers from other regional offices		
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa	25 075 924	<u>15 753 256</u>
	Expenses paid on behalf from other regional offices		
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa	87 228	-
	Amount due from Solidaridad entity		
	Solidaridad Network - Netherlands Solidaridad Network - South Africa	866 246 866 246	866 246 866 246
	Transfers received in advance		
	Solidaridad Network - South Africa (refer to note 6 on page 14)	-	1 657 877
	(

NOTES TO THE ANNUAL FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED 31 DECEMBER 2019 (Continued)

12. GOING CONCERN

The existence of the organisation is dependent on the continued support of Solidaridad Network, by way of transfers. Should the transfers be withdrawn it is highly unlikely that the organisation will be able to continue as a going concern. The Solidaridad Network has agreed to continue supporting the organisation in 2020.